

ཞི་བདེའི་ས་བོན།

Seeds for Peace III



Healing Atlas

Mapping the world healing footsteps
of T.Y.S. Lama Gangchen - Tibetan Healer





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གངས་ཅན་རིན་པོ་ཆེའི་འཁྲུངས་ཡུལ་གྱི་ལྷོ་གནས།

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Seeds for Peace III Healing Atlas



Mapping the world healing footsteps
of
T.Y.S. Lama Gangchen -Tibetan Healer



**Seeds for Peace III - Healing Atlas
Mapping the world healing footsteps
of T.Y.S. Lama Gangchen - Tibetan Healer**

Compiled and written by Isthar D.-Adler & Cosy Back



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Via Marco Polo 13 - 20124 Milan, Italy
+39 02 6590442 - lgpp@gangchen.it

Layout & Cover design by Ricardo Baddouh

Photos by: Isthar D.-Adler, Cosy Back, Paolo Caporossi, Tiziana Ciasullo, Sharon Dawson, Gabriella LoRe, Lama Michel, Giuseppe Molinari, Dominique Nayir, Annabel Nguyen Tat, Francesco Prevosti, Ara Tokatian, Kachen Wangchuk, Helen Wiesen, Lana Yang.

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Author's note: Many of you will surely have more invaluable contributions to make this a more complete atlas. Information, materials, photographs, etc., are most welcome on CD or by email to: lgwpf@lgpt.net



Lama Gangchen World Peace Foundation - LGPWF
United Nations affiliated NGO

In consultation with the United Nations Economic and Social Council - ECOSOC



To uphold the humanitarian aims
of the United Nations, Unesco, Unicef,
Who and related agencies in support of the
Millennium Development Goals



Dedicated to the 11th anniversary of
Albagnano Healing Meditation Centre
on the auspicious occasion of
Lama Gangchen's birthday the 7th of July 2010



“Seeds for Peace III - Healing Atlas” is a modest tribute to Lama Gangchen for immense achievements in the field of Western Buddhism, inter-religious dialogue, non-formal education, peace and environmental care education, as well as the vast number of humanitarian projects carried out under the umbrella of the Lama Gangchen World Peace Foundation-LGWPF, in support of the United Nations Millennium Development Goals, all completed owing to his tireless dedication, work and efforts towards a new culture of peace, with his unique love and compassion for all beings.

Isthar D.-Adler





This book is a "Love Offering" to my Guru Lama Gangchen on the auspicious occasion of his 70th Birthday (according to the Tibetan calendar).

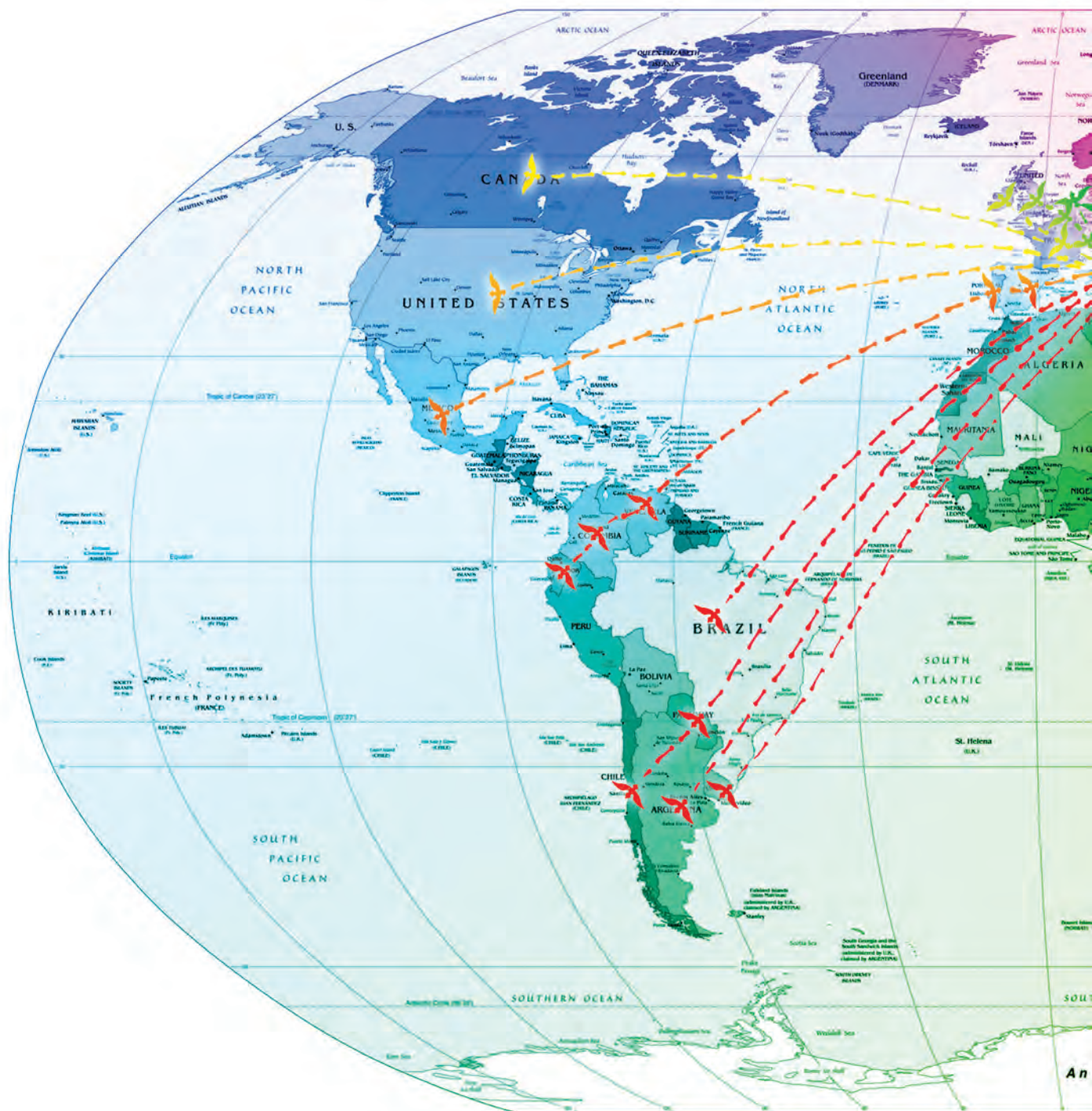
It is my wish to dedicate any merits to the late Swami Chidanandaji, my precious teacher from Rishikesh as well as to my beloved late father Rodolfo Haller and my mother Battina Haller.

Luisa Haller

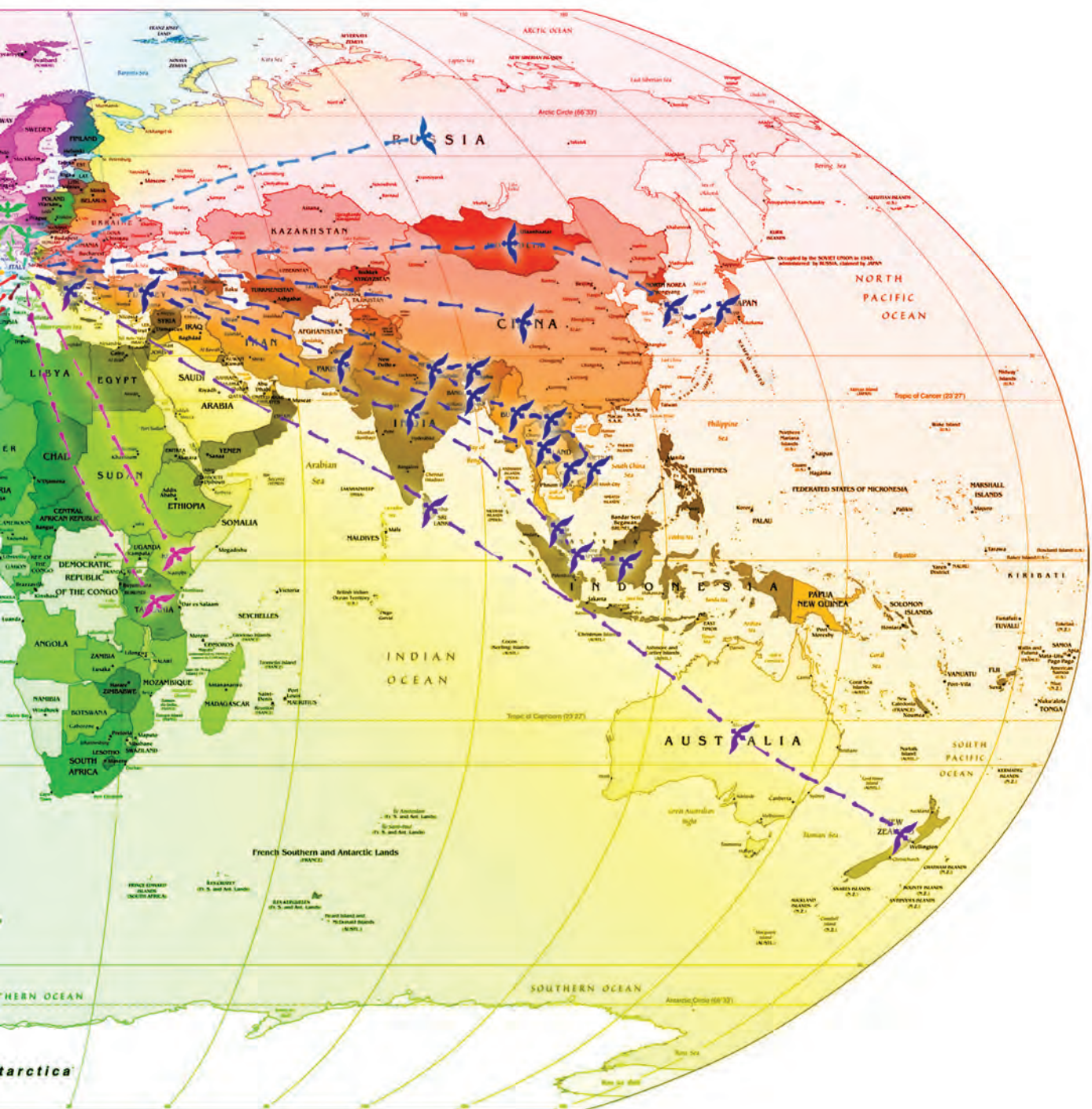
Luisa Haller

*Albagnano, the 7th of July 2010
11th anniversary of Albagnano Healing Meditation Centre*

The World of



Lama Gangchen





Introduction

This healing atlas takes us on a journey that charts the footsteps of T.Y.S. Lama Gangchen to over 50 countries: with his blessing energy radiating across the skies in the five directions, reaching across the five continents. For more than 25 years, travelling thousands of miles worldwide each year, He has been planting the seeds for inner and outer environmental care for world peace, and with his footprints connects to the energies of the land to make peace with mother earth and the five inner and outer elements.





T.Y.S. Lama Gangchen Tulku Rinpoche – Tibetan Lama Healer

is born on the 7th of July 1941, in the village of Drak-jug. His father was Dawa Phuntshog and his mother Pachok. They named him Wangdu Gyelpo. Drak-Jug is situated approximately fifty kilometres from Shigatse, the second largest city in Tibet, and only about twelve kilometres from Gangchen monastery. The monastery, in the Dagla mountains, stands about forty kilometres from Shigatse.

He is recognized at an early age to be a reincarnate lama healer and is enthroned at Gangchen Choepeling monastery at the age of five. When he reaches the age of twelve he receives the “Kachen” degree which is usually conferred after twenty years of study. Between the ages of thirteen and eighteen, he studies medicine, astrology, meditation and philosophy in two of the major monastic universities of Tibet: Sera and Tashi Lhunpo. He also studies in Gangchen Gumpa, Tropu Gumpa, and Neytsong monastery.

In 1963 he goes into exile to India where he continues his studies for the next seven years at Varanasi Sanskrit University (Bishwa Vhidhyana) in Benares. In 1970 he receives the Geshe Rigram diploma from Sera Monastic University situated in South India.

After his graduation, he works as a lama healer amid the Tibetan communities in Nepal, India and Sikkim, during which time he saves the lives of many people and is named private physician to the Royal family.

In 1982, Lama Gangchen visits Europe for the first time and has since become a resident and Italian citizen for almost ten years. In the same year he also establishes his first European centre: Karuna Choetsok in Lesbos, Greece, where he is known to have planted a bodhi tree in the “Buddha Garden”, and in the centre of which he consecrates what is to become the first of a long line of World Peace Buddha statues, thangkas and images.

Since 1982 he has been travelling extensively – to over 50 countries around the world, both healing and teaching non-formal education and the inner sciences. He becomes affectionately known as the “Lama Marco Polo”.

During these years he has been leading many pilgrimages to some of the most important holy places of the Buddhist tradition, in Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Laos, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Thailand, and so forth, guiding large groups of friends and disciples from all over the world, the majority of whom report many physical and mental benefits from the experience.

In addition to these pilgrimages to Buddhist holy places, Lama Gangchen visits many holy sites in Europe, including that of Assisi, Italy the home of Saint Francis; the ancient temples of Delphi and Athens in Greece. In England he visits the sites of Stonehenge and Avebury as well as visiting many Western Buddhist centres and temples. During all these pilgrimages he meets with many high Lamas, throughout both the East and the West.

In 1988 he opens his first residential dharma centre outside of Asia: “Shide Choe Tsok” Peace Dharma Centre in Saõ Paulo, Brazil. At present he has 85 Inner Peace Education Centres worldwide.

Since coming to the West in 1982, and later becoming both a resident in Italy and eventually an Italian citizen, Lama Gangchen’s activities have taken on an ever increasing worldwide scope towards the achievement of World Peace.



Chiefly, it begins with the founding of :

- The **Kunpen Lama Gangchen Institute** for the propagation and preservation of the Tibetan medical tradition in Milan, Italy in 1989. Here Lama Gangchen has initiated the first extensive programmes of Himalayan medical and astrological studies for western students. Also concerned with the preservation of the Himalayan culture, the centre holds courses in buddhist philosophy, thangka painting and other arts. Lama Gangchen has invited many groups of Tibetan monks to Europe such as the Ganden Shartse monks, the Sera-Mey monks, the Nyalam Phengyeling monks and the Segyupa monks to make sand mandalas and perform sacred Cham dances; all of their activities are dedicated to world peace.
- The **Lama Gangchen World Peace Foundation (L.G.W.P.F.) - United Nations Affiliated NGO in special consultation with the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations (ECOSOC)**, founded in 1992 and registered with the Spanish Government in November 1993.

Organisation aims:

The organisation is actively committed to the development of a culture of peace and better living for world peace by cooperating in the humanitarian fields of health, education, the environment, spirituality and preservation of indigenous cultures, engaged in voluntary service in support of the United Nations programmes devoted to helping developing countries towards self-sustainability; thus creating worldwide peace links in numerous fields of activities.

Peace Links . . .

. . . Health

Transforming violent medicine into non-violent medicine

Kunpen Lama Gangchen Institute, Italy • Himalayan Healing Centre, Nepal • Sakya district (Tashi Lhunpo etc.) 5 Dispensaries and centre for the disabled, Tibet, China • Albagnano Healing Meditation Centre and Medicine Buddha Centre, Italy • Kiurok Tsokchun Help In Action, Italy, Nepal • Yearly International Alternative Medicine congresses in Sri Lanka (Open International University for Complementary Medicines, Colombo, Sri Lanka) • Annual international congresses on natural medicines and non-formal education in Nepal, Mongolia, China, Spain, Italy (LGWPF) • Dema Gonsar Rinpoche Yushu Didur District Dispensary, Amdo- Tibet, China.

. . . Education

Transforming a violent society into a non-violent society

International Association of Educators for World Peace • Global Open University, India & Italy • LGWPF Study centres worldwide • Yearly World Congresses on Lake Maggiore, Northern Italy, in Support the United Nations Millennium Development Goals and Decade of Education for Sustainable Development.

. . . Environment

Making peace with the environment

Gangchen and Nge water, reforestation and agronomical irrigation projects, Tibet, China • Ladak water, reforestation and agronomical irrigation projects in collaboration with Ven. Bhikkhu Sanghasena of the Mahabodhi International Meditation Centre, Leh, Ladakh • Agricultural development, Italy • AACHAA - Associação de Artes Curativas Himalaia-Amazônia-Andes • Peace Environment Education: Inter-dependence between inner and outer environments • Animal liberation and promotion of vegetarianism.

... Indigenous Cultures

Making peace with all cultures

Revitalization of rural and alpine cultures, Italy • Supporting the preservation of indigenous cultures and traditions worldwide, such as: in the Amazon, Argentina, Venezuela, Australia (aborigines), Taiwan (aborigines), Tibet, Ladak, Sikkim • AACHAA - Associação de Artes Curativas Himalaia-Amazônia- Andes • Support British Druids: Lama Gangchen played a key role in the reopening of Stonehenge to the Druids and received a special recognition from the Council of British Druid Orders in 1998.

... Ancient Healing Arts

Transforming violent art into non-violent art

Re-printing of ancient texts • International Mandala constructions, Cham Dances and cultural performances • Peace Art Studio for thangka painting, Italy • Maitreya statues, tsatsas and so forth to increment peace energy worldwide • Wood carving and traditional handicrafts.

... Peace Sound

Transforming violent sounds into non-violent sounds

United Peace Voices • Healing performances with monks • Healing Songs.

... Peace Spirituality

Transforming violent religion into non-violent religion

Promoting the creation of a permanent Spiritual Forum for World Peace at the United Nations at local, national and international levels • Inter-religious reference library and database, Wisdom Planetarium© congress hall, Italy • Pilgrimages to Borobudur, Indonesia; Lumbini, Nepal; Tibet, China; Swat and Uddyana, Pakistan; Vietnam; Mongolia; Sri Lanka; Thailand, Malaysia, Bangladesh; Cambodia, Birmania, India • Worldwide meditation centres.

... Peace Media

Transforming violent media into non-violent media

Peace Times news for the world • Lama Gangchen Peace Publications • Son de Paz magazine, Spain • Radio Atlanta, Italy and HBC94fm, Nepal • Lama Gangchen World Peace Media, Hong Kong • Tashi Delek Magazine, Brazil • Tempo de Paz, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil • LungTa Newspaper, Brazil • Tendrel Net of Interdependence Movie Project, Brazil • Words of Peace, UK • Rejoice News, Italy • La Gazette de la Paix, France • Great Collection of Quintessence of 10 Tibetan Sciences • Panchen Zangpo Tashi collected Works • Lama Gangchen Peace Times website: www.lgpt.net and www.worldpeacecongress.net

... Peace Culture

Transforming a culture of violence into a non-violent culture

Non-Formal education projects • Cultural project to develop a Wisdom Planetarium© based on the sacred mandala of Borobudur; peace library and peace culture museum, Italy • Lama Gangchen World Peace Service Association for social assistance and development.

... Peace Fauna

Making peace with animals

Peace Sculpture of a life-sized bronze cast elephant placed at United Nations Headquarters, USA • Annual “freeing of animals” ceremony, Malaysia.

... Peace Economy

Transforming violent business into non-violent business

Conferences on Spiritual Economics in Thailand and Italy.

... Peace Times

Transforming violent moments into non-violent moments

... Peace Sciences

Making peace with science and religion

... Peace Sports

Transforming violent sports into non-violent sports

... Inner Peace

Transforming violent minds into non-violent minds

- ◆◆◆ in collaboration with different NGOs worldwide, such as: International Association of Educators for World Peace-USA, United Nations affiliated NGO; Medicina Alternativa-Sri Lanka; Lumbini Development Trust-Nepal; Lumbini Interactiv Research “Hida Budhe Jate” Cast the Sleeping Elephant Trust-USA; World Peace Prayer Society-Japan, United Nations affiliated NGO; Earth Society Foundation-USA; Dammakaya Foundation-Thailand, United Nations affiliated NGO; China Society for Promotion of the Guangcai Programme-China, United Nations affiliated NGO; China Association for the Preservation of Tibetan Culture; Projeto Saude e Alegria Indigenous NGOs-Brazil; Wu Tai San World Buddhist Foundation, China-NGO; Children of the Earth-USA, United Nations affiliated NGO; and so forth.

Conferences dedicated to International United Nations years and decades include:

Annual conferences on Non-Formal Education and Alternative Medicines: February in Kathmandu, Nepal - May in Madrid, Spain and, in Italy, yearly World Congresses towards the self-sustainability of the micro and macrocosms to uphold the humanitarian aims of the United Nations, Unesco, Unicef and related agencies.

1999: International Year for Older Persons; 2000: International Decade for the Culture of Peace; 2001: International Year of Dialogue among Civilisations; 2002: International Year of Mountains and eco-tourism; 2003: International Year of Freshwater and Literacy Decade: Education for all; 2004: International Decade of the World’s Indigenous People (1995-2004) and Literacy Decade: Education for all; 2005: UN Decade of Education for Sustainable Development, in support of the United Nations Millennium Development Goals, dedicated to the 60th anniversary of the United Nations; 2006: International Year of Deserts and Desertification, Decade of Education for Sustainable Development, in support of the United Nations Millennium Development Goals; 2008: International Year of Planet Earth and International Year of the Potato.

Participation in United Nations Conferences:

- Yearly United Nations NGO Conference, New York, USA, since 1995.
- Habitat II, Istanbul, Turkey, 1996.
- ICC Conference, FAO-Rome, 1998.
- The Hague, Holland, 1999.
- NGO Conference, Seoul, South Korea, 1999.
- Millennium Forum, United Nations, New York, USA, 2000.
- Special Social Summit Session, United Nations, Geneva, Switzerland 2000.
- Yearly Human Rights Commission, Geneva, Switzerland, since 1999.

Projects include:

- Health Projects in Tibet, India and Nepal (including DOT programme and mother and child clinic); int. congress in Beijing, China to promote natural medicines (WHO programs and "Health for All...").
- Water project in Tibet, China in support of UNEP fresh water campaign.
- Planting of trees in Tibet, China in support of Agenda 21 and UNEP Trees for Life.
- Children programmes in Nepal in support of the decade of a Culture of Peace and Non-Violence for the children of the world.
- Healing journeys to the Amazon rainforest in Brazil in support of the Decade of the World's Indigenous people, to help preserve their environmental, cultural and spiritual traditions.
- Schools in Nepal for carpet factory workers in support of ILO convention on child labour.
- Revitalisation of rural and alpine cultures such as the Albagnano mountain village in Italy and heritage sites such as Lumbini in support of the UNESCO culture preservation campaign.
- Co-sponsored bronze elephant statue placed in United Nations headquarters gardens, gift presented by Kenya, Namibia and Nepal, as a "tribute to the environment and commitment to the preservation of the natural world: forever expressing the hope that all animals and human beings may exist in harmony and peace with nature".
- Support the creation of a permanent Spiritual Forum intended to provide a neutral and democratic permanent space at the global public level, where all those religious institutions and spiritual movements which are willing to join forces with the United Nations in the task of building and consolidating peace around the world could meet and jointly develop useful ways of cooperation, initiated by Lama Gangchen in June 1995, at the United Nations' ECLAC in Santiago, Chile.
- World tour of the memorial stupa of the United Nations International recognition of the Day of Vesak, containing the sacred relics of the Buddha (donated by Thailand, Myanmar and Sri Lanka). As a supporter and sponsor, the LGWPF took part in and organized exhibitions in Switzerland, Italy, Austria, Tanzania, Kenya, Chile, China, Mongolia, Brazil, Venezuela, Argentina, Ecuador, Nepal, before returning it to the United Nations in September 2004, where the memorial stupa is on permanent display.
- Founding member of the Provisional Steering Committee and the Coalition promoting the initiative for the launch of a United Nations International Decade for Interreligious Dialogue and Cooperation for Peace (2011-2020), an idea which was first proposed in March 2006, in the framework of the project "Towards the creation of a permanent Spiritual Forum for world peace at the United Nations", which had been launched two years earlier, by an international group of volunteers belonging to different religious/spiritual traditions and linked to several interfaith organisations. That group – labelled as the Partnership Committee - prepared and circulated a draft proposal, starting a process of consensus building.

"Inner Peace is the Best Foundation for World Peace"

Peace with everything
Everything with peace - Please!

www.lgpt.net
www.worldpeacecongress.net



Lama Gangchen's message

“Climate” Changes



Just as it is in the outer world, so too it is in the inner world.

“I was born and brought up in Tibet within an ancient society, deeply rooted in spiritual and environmental values. Thus I am like someone from the eighth century who has been thrown by circumstances into the modern world.

In Tibet, unless we were rich and had a horse, we walked everywhere, and we were directly in touch with the energy of mother earth every day. Nowadays, due to many changes in modern society we do not touch the earth anymore nor feel her quality or precious energy.

Modern society has lost touch with the earth and consequently this is creating many difficulties and dangers. Not only have we lost touch with the earth but we have also lost contact with space, wind, fire and water, the elements which are the very basis of our life.

Modern society has become disconnected and alienated from nature and has, as a result, spread pollution and destruction everywhere.

2500 years ago the Buddha said: “Just as it is in the outer world, so too it is in the inner world”, so when we selfishly destroy our planet, we also destroy the energy of our own bodies and minds.

The five elements support the outer world and the inner world of our body and mind. Now all this is polluted on the gross, subtle and very subtle levels and we are undergoing some alarming climate changes, with potentially disastrous consequences for our future on this planet. Whatever we want from life, be it physical health, material success, a beautiful healthy place to live in, or we wish to for spiritual liberation and Enlightenment, we need to take care of the five elements and purify and re-energise them so that they become strong and clean once again.

If we continue in our present self-destructive fashion, then slowly a very dangerous environmental situation will arise and create the very real danger that the five elements of our planet will disintegrate and die. As a result our own bodies and life energy will also slowly disintegrate and die. If we destroy our outer and inner environment, what kind of legacy do we leave for our children and the future generations to inherit?

To transform the impure elemental energy back into its pure form we need to deeply understand the interdependence of our bodies, minds, the five elements and the environment we live in. We must rediscover that which is really important and precious in life and identify where we have individually and collectively gone wrong. All ancient spiritual cultures understood the importance of the five elements and as a result were able to maintain healthy bodies and minds and live in harmony with the environment.

In Tibet we could touch the earth and drink the water, there was no danger, but in the West things are different. We did not have many material things or technologies, but we had the essence of environmental energy and a natural way of life to satisfy our minds. Modern society abandoned the ancient natural way of life because most people began to doubt the ancient truths and turned to mechanisation and technology for something they hoped was better.

Of course many of the technological advances of modern society are wonderful, but, now we are all run and rush every day, just to survive and we have forgotten our ancient ideas, values and nature. Consequently both ourselves and the environment are becoming sick, tired, and are suffering too much.

Nowadays, in the global village, everyone is more or less afflicted by the same problems. For example worldwide water pollution is damaging both the environment and our own physical and mental health. We have collectively polluted our planet, so we all need to do something to heal our world. I think we need to look again at the ancient wisdom of the spiritual cultures like Tibet, the land of living energy and learn again how to live in harmony with the environment.

For example, the heart of the Buddha's teachings is change and interdependence and by understanding interdependence we understand the results of our positive and negative actions on the environment, and from this we get a lot of feeling and energy to purify the five elements of our body and the world. I'm not suggesting that people should become Buddhists, but everyone needs to recognise the preciousness of the five elements and to try to heal them in either practical or energetic ways.

In Tibetan Buddhist tradition we have many powerful and effective practices to heal the environment the most powerful one of which is the five element purification of EH YAM RAM LAM BAM.

This tantric meditation practice to heal the environment was kept secretly in the remote Himalayan kingdom of Tibet for over one thousand years but now

seeing the fragile state of the global environment I have decided to reveal this secret and share these environmental healing methods with all humanity.

EH means space. YAM means wind. RAM means fire. LAM means earth. BAM means water. These 5 mantras help us to connect energetically with the pure qualities of the five elements and then by repeating the mantras:

EH HO SHUDDHI SHUDDHI SOHA

YAM HO SHUDDHI SHUDDHI SOHA

RAM HO SHUDDHI SHUDDHI SOHA

LAM HO SHUDDHI SHUDDHI SOHA

BAM HO SHUDDHI SHUDDHI SOHA

We imagine that the five elements one by one become completely clean, clear and re-energised. These mantras purify the outer and inner five elements in a very powerful, perfect and direct way.

The more people practice the five element purification world wide, the more powerful the result will be. We need thousands of hands to heal the world.

For our children and our children's children sake, we need to take care of our environment. The future generations will definitely thank us for it. This I think will be one of the legacies of Tibet the land of living energy to the people of our planet in the third millennium.

We need to make peace with the environment ... Please! "

T.Y. S. Lama Gangchen







Argentina

1996

3rd to 18th of August

Buenos Aires, United Nations Centre of Information: Presentation of the Proposal for the creation of a permanent United Nations Spiritual Forum for World Peace, on the auspicious occasion of the International Day of Indigenous people (9 August). On this occasion a statement of support was signed by the representatives of some 12 different religious and spiritual traditions. Purification of the five elements with indigenous people.

11th August

Buenos Aires: Why we need to recognize and take care of the five elements.

12th August

Buenos Aires: talk at the University Martinez (conference on peace education).

1997

26th of September to 2nd of October

Buenos Aires: conference on Non-violence.

14th of October

Buenos Aires: Interreligious meeting hosted by UNIC.

15th to 20th of October

Journey to the Andes in the province of Mendoza to make peace with the environment.

Aconcagua: Making Peace with the Elements.

1998

1st to 3rd of August

Buenos Aires: Inter-religious Prayers for World Peace and conference.

2004

23rd to 27th of September

Buenos Aires: Exhibition and blessing ceremony of the Sacred Buddha Relics gifted to the United Nations. (World Tour).



True beauty is that of the mind.





Australia

1993

10th to 18th of November

Pilgrimage to holy indigenous places. Private meeting with Kechok Rinpoche.



1998

19th to 29th of November

Sydney: Formal visit to the House of Parliament.

Sydney and Melbourne: Celebrations and prayers dedicated to World Peace and conference.

Melbourne: Planting of a World Peace Prayer Society Peace Pole.



If you cannot benefit others at least try not to harm them.





Austria

2000

January

Graz: Meeting with Alfred Stingl, the Mayor of Graz, and visit to the World Peace Stupa.

Vienna: LGWPF Peace Messenger Award conferred to Austrian Airlines on the occasion of the United Nations International Year for Tourism.



2003

July

Feldkirch: Exhibition and blessing ceremony of the Sacred Buddha Relics gifted to the United Nations.



With the blessings of the holy beings, nothing is impossible.





Bangladesh

2005

Pilgrimage to the newly discovered birthplace of Atisha where a stone was placed by the monks.

23rd of February

“Atish Dipanhar Peace Award” presented to Lama Gangchen by the President of Bangladesh with Ven. S.D. Mahathero and H.E. Ali Akshan Mohammed Mojaleed, Minister for Social Welfare on the occasion of the commemoration celebrations of the Bengali saint Atisha, held at the holy stupa containing the relics of Atisha.



Everything becomes easy if you have inner peace and mental space.





Belgium

1993

Bruxelles: Inauguration of Snow Lion Center.

1994

13th to 15th of June

Bruxelles: Inner and World Peace Conference.

1997

May

Bruxelles: Formal visit to the European Parliament.



You can choose to be happy and peaceful or sad and angry.





Bhutan

1968
Pilgrimage to Puntsok Ling with H.H. Song Rinpoche.



Transform your mind into an indestructible diamond.





Brazil

1987
April
Meets Lama Michel for the first time.

1988
3rd of December
Inaugurate his first Western Centre in Sao Paulo:
"Centro de Dharma Shide Choe Tsog".

1990
19th of April to 13th of May
Shide Choe Tsog Dharma Centre meetings.

1991
5th to 9th of April
Rio de Janeiro.

11th to 26th of April
Sao Paulo and Campos do Jordao.

1992
16th of March to 9th of April
Sao Paulo.

1993
23rd of March
Receives keys to the City of Campos do Jordao.

1994
22nd of March to 8th of April
Sao Paulo: World Peace Prayers.



Your health is in your own hands.

1996

20th to 25th of July

Boat journey into the Amazon rainforest to “Make Peace with the Environment” and bring invaluable support to the indigenous people.

Ringling of the Peace Bell at the Peace University in Brazilia.

Makes a personal request to make peace with the Amazon.



1997

20th of July

Santarem: Congress on Making Peace with the environment.

4th to 7th of September

Sao Paulo: “Cultivating a Culture of Peace” congress.

24th of September

Rio de Janeiro: Lecture given at the Institute of Religious Studies. Theme: Religions united for world peace.



5th of October

Sao Paulo: Third international ecological and ecumenical encounter and round table for world peace, held at Ebraica.

1998

16th to 23rd of July

“Making peace with the Amazonas” second journey into the rain forest organised by AAHCA (Tapajos and Arapiuns rivers visiting indigenous communities).

22nd of July

Belem: Public meeting organised by the Mayor of the City. Theme: Religious tolerance.

25th of July

Rio de Janeiro: Interreligious meeting held at SESCE conference hall, organised by ISER in collaboration with URI.



August

Sao Paulo: Planting of a Peace Pole and several venues for the spiritual forum for world peace.

3rd to 7th of August

9th International Association of Educators for World Peace congress. Theme: Towards the development of international peace education for a culture of peace.



2002

30th of January to 5th of February

Porto Alegre: World Social Forum.



2003

19th of June

Sao Paulo: Exhibition and blessing ceremony of the Sacred Buddha Relics gifted to the United Nations.

2006

9th to 22nd of November

Sao Paulo: Kalachakra Festival Shide Choe Tsog Centre.

2007

June

Sao Paulo: registration of new LG foundation and 20th anniversary celebrations of the dharma center.

2008

14th to 29th November

Buddha Relics from Shri Lanka brings blessings with Ven. Walpola and Ven. Anuruta

2009

7th to 30th November

Inauguration of the Maitreya Temple of Great Love "templo do grande amor - campos do jrdão" sponsored by Marcus Elias in the name of the Brazilian Foundation, with the support of many friends very dedicated to developing Dharma and support Lama Gangchen's projects for both present and future generations.



To date 6 sets of Five Dhyani Buddha statues from Borobudur have been brought to Brazil. (one set is in Chiara Luz Centre and five at the New Borobudur Stupa) They have also brought 1 Chenrezig Buddha from Borobudur.













Cambodia

2001

February

Angkor Wat: First journey to visit Theravada communities, bring donations and dedicate prayers for world peace.



You are the only one responsible for your happiness.





Canada

1990

July - August

Montreal: Visit to Buddhist centre and private visits.

1996

September

Montreal: Private visits.



2006

September

Montreal: Peace journey and private visits.

2007

September

Montreal: peace journey and private visits.



2008

25th to 26th of June

Montreal: Visit to Zawa Rinpoche's Buddhist centre.

Peace journey to Toronto and private visits.



Develop your inner smile.





Chile



1990
14th to 20th of May
Drikung Kagyu Tibetan Meditation Centre.

1991
28th of April to 2nd of May
Santiago: Healing and teachings.

1994
9th to 13th of April
Santiago: Inauguration of the Medicine Buddha Centre.
Healing and teachings at Medicine Buddha Centre.

1995
8th of June
Santiago: Launch of the proposal for the creation of a
permanent United Nations spiritual forum for world peace
at ECLAC.



When you meditate you do something really useful for your life.

1996

26th of July to 2nd of August

Santiago: Establishment of the First Local Spiritual Forum with regular monthly meetings.

1997

3rd to 7th of October

Santiago: Forum for the creation of a permanent Spiritual Forum for world peace at the United Nations.



1998

7th to 15th of August

Santiago: ECLAC UN Peace Conference and prayers for World Peace.

A series of venues are organised to present the Proposal for a Spiritual Forum.

2001

23rd of January

Santiago: Special meeting at ECLAC with Mr José Antonio Ocampo (Executive Secretary of CEPAL) to commemorate five years since the launch of the proposal for the creation of a permanent United Nations spiritual forum for world peace.

2003

26th of June

Santiago: Exhibition and blessing ceremony of the Sacred Buddha Relics gifted to the United Nations.

2004 – 2009

November

Annual peace journeys and interreligious gathering for world peace

To date one set of Five Dhyani Buddha statues from Borobudur has been brought to Santiago, Chile.





China

1941

7th of July

Tibet: Birth of T.Y.S. Lama Gangchen.

1987

1st of July

Tibet: Returns for the first time since 1963.

6th of July

Meets with H.H. the Xth Panchen Lama and they travel together to Shigatse on the 10th of July. Together they go to Gangchen Village to a welcome reception by over 5000 people.



1987

October

Beijing: Meeting H.H. the Xth Panchen Lama.

1991

July - August

Tibet: Summer Pilgrimage with friends and disciples from 13 countries.

7th of July

Arrive in Lhasa Drolma Lhakang (tara Temple).

8th to 9th of July

Norbulinka and Drepung.

9th of July

Meet with Geshe Yeshe Wangchuk and visit Jokhang together then Drepung.

10th of July

Potala.



Through meditation you can heal yourself and others.

12th of July
Gyantse.

14th of July
Shigatse and Gangchen.

15th of July
Gangchen: Lama Gangchen giving blessing to over 10.000 people.

1992
July - August
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage.

1993
2nd of August
Hudan San.

August
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage.

1994
July - August
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage.
Lhasa: Atisha thangka gifted on the occasion of the ceremonial celebrations of the restructuring of the Potala Palace. Brought a 12 foot Maitreya Buddha to Sera Mey monastery.
Shigatse: rebuilding of Gangchen Monastery; hospital at Tashi Lhunpo monastery. Brought a 12 foot Maitreya Buddha to Trophu Gompa.
Documentary video made by Marco Columbro "The Land of Golden Roofs" filming Lama Gangchen's pilgrimage.

1995
August - September
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage.
Beijing: Pilgrimage to holy places, such as Big Chenrezig and other temples (Yamantaka temple, Lama temple, Buddha Tooth temple, etc.).

1996
November
Pilgrimage to the holy island of Puto San: Quanyin (Chenrezig) near Shanghai, visiting its 16 temples (108 in the past).
Pilgrimage to Wuwei Temple, Emei San: the famous Samantabhadra Mountain; Leshan's Sitting Buddha; to Xian and the nearby Famen Si Temple (holding the holy relics of Buddha's finger).
Beijing: Kalachakra stupa, Lama Temple.

22nd of November
Beijing: H.H. XIth Panchen Lama first official ceremony and meeting at Lama Temple, one year after he was enthroned.





1997
July - August
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage.



1998
October
Beijing: World Congress for Alternative Medicines.

December
Beijing: Pilgrimage.

December
Hong Kong: Pilgrimage.

1999
August
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage.



November
Hong Kong: Pilgrimage.

2000
August
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage.



August
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage.

13th of August
Water Project completion ceremony when a Special award of appreciation for “supporting the country by benefitting the people”, is presented by the Sakya District Government.

2002
August
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage.

2003
August
Tibet: Summer pilgrimage and journey to visit with Demo Gonsar Rinpoche in Amdo.

September
East Turkistan: Pilgrimage to the 1'000 Buddha caves.

2004
January
Launch of the Lama Gangchen Peace Media Productions.



April

Wutaishan: Peace Messengers journey to the Five Holy Mountains of Manjushri for the inauguration of the world Buddhism affairs centre.

July

Tibet: Annual pilgrimage.

August

Beijing: Transit to Mongolia and blessings of the Sacred Buddha Relics gifted to the United Nations. (World Tour).

2005

August

Tibet: Annual pilgrimage.

20th of August

Wutaishan: Inaugural Festival for the successful Development of the 5 Holy Mountains of Manjushri project.

22nd of August

Wutaishan: Reception hosted by the Governor of Shanxi province towards the future Mountain communities twinning between the Sacred Mountains of Wutaishan and the Mountain Community of Alto Verbano, Italy. Signing of preliminary document.

September

Chatring: 1st Pilgrimage to the sacred land of HH Kyabje Trijang Dorje Chang in support of the preservation of sacred sites and ancient culture in the Kham indigenous region of Eastern Tibet.

2006

13th to 16th of April

HangZhou: First World Buddhist Forum: "A harmonious world begins in the mind".

July

Tibet: Annual pilgrimage.

August

Chatring: 2nd Pilgrimage to the sacred land of HH Kyabje Trijang Dorje Chang in support of the preservation of sacred sites and ancient culture in the Kham indigenous region of Eastern Tibet.

10th to 19th of October

Beijing: First China Tibetan Culture Forum.

2007

5th to 9th of July

Beijing: First cross straight high level Forum on Chinese traditional culture.



July

Tibet: Annual pilgrimage.

August

Chatring: 3rd Pilgrimage to the sacred land of HH Kyabje Trijang Dorje Chang in support of the preservation of sacred sites and ancient culture in the Kham indigenous region of Eastern Tibet.

2009

March

Wuxi: Second World Buddhist Forum ("Environmental education is the best investment for the new millennium") with the concluding ceremony held in Taipei, Taiwan.

2010

Chengdu: Third International conference on the modernization of traditional Chinese medicine, organized by the Sichuan Provincial People's Government



To date 1 set of Five Dhyani Buddha statues from Borobudur has been brought to Gangchen in Tibet, as well as one Chenrezig Buddha from Borobudur.

To date 108'000 trees have been planted in Tibet in support of UNEP's One Million trees for Life programme.













